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DIPLOMA EXAMINATION IN ENGINEERING/TECHNOLOGY/ MANAGEMENT/ COMMERCIAL PRACTICE, NOVEMBER-2020

ENGLISH-II (Common to all except DCP)

[Maximum marks: 100] (Time: 3 Hours)

[Instructions:- 1. Read carefully the instructions given before answering.

- 2. Part-A is based on Prose and Poetry.
- 3. Part-B is based on Grammar.
- 4. Part-C is based on Composition.]

PART - A

- I. (Answer all questions. Each question carries 2 marks)
 - (1). Why does God call the swallow and the Prince the two most precious things in the city.
 - (2). How did the sniper feel when he killed the enemy sniper?
 - (3). What gave Gandhiji a hardy constitution?
 - (4). What did the narrator in the 'The Luncheon' order for himself and why?
 - (5). How does wise men open the door?

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- II. (Answer in a paragraph of about 100 words. Each question carries 5 marks)
 - (1). (a). In what ways did the Happy Prince help the people?

OR

- (b). Nostalgic elements in the poem 'My Grand mother's House'
- (2). (a). What trick was played by the Sniper on his enemy?

OR

- (b). What is the purpose of life, according to Emily Dickenson?
- (3). (a). What does Gandhiji say about the impact of developing good handwriting?

OR

- (b). The 'Man he killed' is a poem against war. Elucidate.
- (4). (a). Bring out the elements of humour in the story 'The Luncheon'.

OR

(b). What are the different kinds of door mentioned by the author? $(4 \times 5 = 20)$



- III. Choose the right answer from those given. Each question carries 1 mark.
 - (1). Thinking always makes him sleepy. Whom?
 - (a). The Happy Prince. (b). The Swallow. (c). The little girl.
 - (2). What does Kamala Das compare herself to in the poem 'My Grandmother's House'?
 - (a). Writer. (b). Beggar. (c). Princes.
 - (3). If the 2 men had met near an inn they would here.
 - (a). Became friends. (b). Killed each other. (c). Cursed each other.
 - (4). Who was informer in the story 'The Sniper'?
 - (a). Driver. (b). Matchgirl. (c). An old woman.
 - (5). The theme of the poem 'I shall not live in vein' is
 - (a). Love. (b). Revenge. (c). Selfishness.
 - (6). Gandhiji's autobiography is
 - (a). My life is my Message. (b). The story of my Experiments with Truth
 - (c). Discovery of India.
 - (7). "They had blush of an innocent girl" who?
 - (a). Peaches. (b). Asparagus. (c). Mutton chops.
 - (8). Revolving doors are the symbol of
 - (a). Mysterious life. (b). Tragic incidents in life. (c). Brisk Bustling ways of modern life.
 - (9). Gandhiji realized that a man of truth should be a man of
 - (a). Good hand writing. (b). Courage. (c). Care.
 - (10). Who did the Sniper kill?

(a). His friend. (b). His father. (c). His brother.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

PART - B

- **IV.** I. Use the correct present tense from the verbs given in the brackets.
 - (a). The headmaster (want) to speak to you.
 - (b). I (do) a lot of work today.
 - (c). This paper (appear) twice weekly.
 - (d). He (watch) television most evenings.
 - (e). It (rain) since 4 am. $(5 \times 1 = 5)$



	2. Use the correct past tense form of the verbs.	://gptcthirurangadi.in
MG401 • MALAPPURAM	(a). Did you think you (see) me somewhere before.0	
	(b). She jumped off the bus while it (move).	
	(c). When the bell (ring) at the end of two hours a number of gi	irl
	(write) their answers still.	$(4 \times 1 = 4)$
	3. Fill in the blanks using appropriate articles.	
	(a) Ganga is sacred river.	
	(b). He looks as stupid asowl.	
	(c) brave soldier lost arm in battle.	$(6 \text{ X} \frac{1}{2} = 3)$
	UNIT-II	
	4. Change the following into indirect speech.	
	(a). "I love chocolates", he said.	
	(b). "What a beautiful place!" she said.	
	(c). "Do you really come from China?" the prince asked.	
	(d). "Sit down boys", the teacher said.	
	(e). "Run away children", the mother said.	$(5 \times 1 = 5)$
	5. Change the following into indirect speech.	
	(a). The Minister said that it gave him great pleasure to be there that e	evening.
	(b). He said that we are all sinners.	
	(c). She said that she lived in Delhi.	
	(d). I asked Mary if she would lend me a pencil.	$(4 \times 1 = 4)$
	6. Change in to Passive voice.	
	(a). The man killed the snake.	
	(b). Who did this?	
	(c). Sheela is drawing a picture.	
	(d). Manners reveal character.	
	(e). One should keep one's promises.	$(5 \times 1 = 5)$
	7. Change in to Active voice.	
	(a). Was the accident seen by you.	
	(b). The president was welcomed by the people.	
	(c). He was made king.	
	(d). My pocket has been picked.	$(4 \times 1 = 4)$

(6)



PART-C

V. Develop the following hints in to a story.

An old lady becomes blind - calls a doctor – agrees to pay- large pay if cured – doctor covets lady's furniture and delays the cure-at last cures and demands fees lady refuses as she cannot see her furniture – comes to court – verdict in lady's favour.

VI. L & T Pvt. Ltd Mumbai invites applications from Diploma/Degree holders in Civil Engineering for the post of site engineer. Prepare the following to be sent to the HR Manager. L & T Pvt.Ltd Mumbai.

(a) Job application letter (5)

(b) Resume (5)

VII. Prepare a précis of the following passage.

Over eating is one of the wost wonderful practices among those who think that they can afford it. Infact authorities say that nearly all who can get as much as they desire, over eat to their disadvantage. This class of people could save by missing one meal per week and at the same time they could improve their health. A heavy meal, at night the so called 'dinner' is a fashion with many and often it is taken shortly before retiring. It is unnecessary and could be forgone not only once a week but daily without loss of strength. Three to five hours are needed to digest food. While sleeping this food not being required to give energy for week is in many cases converted into excess fat giving rise to overweight. So the evening meal should be light, taken 3 or 4 hours before retiring. This prevents over eating, conserves energy and reduces the cost of food.

VIII. Expand the idea contained in the proverb in to a paragraph. (4)

(a). Make hay while the sun shines.

OR

- (b). Slow and steady wins the race.
- IX. Imagine you are the secretary of the Nature Club of your College. Prepare a report on the different activities of the club to be published in your college magazine. (5)

OR

X. Prepare a note on the following passage given below.

There is a Chinese story about a scholar named Hui Shi who needed five cards to carry his books when he travelled around teaching. Books at that time where made of wood or bamboo and there for they were heavy and occupied a lot of space. Reading at that time needed not only brain work but also physical strength. Thus the invention of paper was revolutionary. The word



http://gptcthirurangadi.in paper comes from the ancient Egyptian writing material called papyrus, which was woven from papyrus plants. Papyrus was produced as early as 3000 BCE in Egypt, and in ancient Greece and Rome. The Chinese court official Ts'aiLun described the modern method of paper making in AD 105; he was the first person to describe how to make paper from cotton rags. Paper remained a laxury item through the century until the advent of steam driven paper making machines in the 19th century. These machines could make paper with fibres from wood pulp. Today eco-friendly paper is made out of recycled material including bagasse. Easy availability of paper along with advancements in printing technology has helped to bring knowledge to the (5) common man.
