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## FOURTH SEMESTER DIPLOMA EXAMINATION IN ENGINEERING/ TECHNOLOGY — MARCH, 2016

## ELECTRONIC INSTRUMENTS AND MEASUREMENTS

(Common for BM, EC, EL and EP)

[Time: 3 hours

(Maximum marks: 100)

PART — A

(Maximum marks: 10)

Marks

- I Answer the following questions in one or two sentences. Each question carries 2 marks.
  - 1. Define accuracy and resolution.
  - 2. List any two specifications of an analog multimeter.
  - 3. Define deflection sensitivity of a CRO.
  - Give any two applications of logic analyzer.
  - Define line regulation.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$ 

## PART—B

(Maximum marks : 30)

- II Answer any five questions from the following. Each question carries 6 marks.
  - 1. Draw the block diagram of Ramp type digital voltmeter.
  - 2. Give the procedure to measure voltage and frequency using CRO.
  - 3. Compare open loop and closed loop control systems.
  - 4. Explain IEEE 488 standard.
  - 5. Explain the working of X-Y recorder.
  - 6. Explain Telemetry in instrumentation.
  - 7. With a block diagram, explain the working of Digital Frequency Meter.

 $(5\times6=30)$ 



(Maximum marks: 60)

(Answer one full question from each unit. Each full question carries 15 marks.)

## UNIT -I

1	II (a	) Explain how a galvanometer can be converted into		
	÷	(i) Voltmeter (ii) Ammeter	8	
	(b	) With the help of a block diagram, explain the working of Digital Multimeter.	7	
		OR		
L	V (a)	With the help of a diagram, explain the working of Analog Multimeter.	8	
	(b)	Compare between moving coil and moving iron instruments.	7	
		Unit – II		
V	/ (a)	With the help of a block diagram, explain the working of a CRO.	7	
	(b)	Explain variable capacitance type transducers.	8	
		OR		
VI	(a)	Explain the working of ELD.	8	
	(b)	Explain the working of Dual Trace Oscilloscope.	7	
Unit – III				
VII	(a)	With the help of a block diagram, explain the working of a signal generator.	8	
	(b)	Explain the principle of Q meter.	7	
OR				
VIII	(a)	Explain the resistance measurement using Wheatstone bridge.	7	
	(b)	With the help of a block diagram, explain the working of a swept frequency type spectrum analyzer.	8	
Unit - IV				
IX	(a)	Explain the working of Galvanometric recorders.	7	
	(b)	With the help of a block diagram, explain the working of a power supply.	8	
OR				
X	(a)	Explain the working of potentiometer type recorders.	7	
	(b)	With the help of a block diagram, explain the working of Computer Supervisory Control (CSC).	8	