



TED (10) 1003 A
(Revision -2010)

N20 – R01434

<https://gptcthirurangadi.in>

Reg. No.....
Signature

**DIPLOMA EXAMINATION IN ENGINEERING/TECHNOLOGY/
MANAGEMENT/COMMERCIAL PRACTICE, NOVEMBER - 2020**

APPLIED SCIENCE – I (PHYSICS)

[Maximum Marks: 50]

[Time: 1 ½ Hours]

PART-A

[Maximum Marks: 4]

(Answer *all* questions in one or two sentences. Each question carries 2 marks)

- I. 1. State Hooke's Law.
2. Write Dimensional formula of work, power. (2 x 2 = 4)

PART-B

[Maximum Marks: 16]

(Answer any *two* full questions. Each question carries 8 marks)

- II 1. Distinguish between stress and strain. Deduce the expression for bulk modulus. (4)
2. State parallel and perpendicular axis theorem of moments of inertia. (4)
- III 1. Derive the expression for distance travelled by a body during n^{th} second of its motion. (4)
2. Prove the principle of conservation of linear momentum from Newton's second and third law (4)
- IV 1. Illustrate Banking of curve with its advantages. (4)
2. Explain recoiling of gun. A gun of mass 1000kg fires a shot of mass 5kg with a velocity 100m/s. Find recoil velocity of gun. (4)

PART-C

[Maximum Marks: 30]

(Answer *one* full question from each Unit. Each full question carries 15 marks)

UNIT -I

- V (a) Write advantages and disadvantages of Friction. (4)
(b) Derive the expression for range and maximum range covered by a projectile. (6)
(c) A car of mass 2000 kg takes a round turn of radius 50m with a speed 10m/s. Calculate centripetal force needed. (5)



OR

- VI (a) What is impulse of force? Show that impulse is equal to change in momentum. (4)
- (b) Derive the expression for period simple pendulum by dimensional analysis. (6)
- (c) A body is projected with a velocity 49m/s at an angle 30^0 to horizontal. Calculate maximum height attained by body. (5)

UNIT -II

- VII (a) Explain the terms elastic limit, elastic fatigue. (4)
- (b) Derive the expression for moment of inertia of disc about an axis through its centre and perpendicular to its plane. (6)
- (c) A stone of mass 1kg attached to a string of length 0.3m is rotating at 150 rpm. Determine its angular momentum. (5)

OR

- VIII (a) Write a short note on geostationary satellite. (4)
- (b) Derive the expression for orbital velocity and period of satellite. (6)
- (c) Calculate the orbital velocity of a satellite at a height 300Km from the surface of earth.
 $M = 6 \times 10^{24}$ kg, $G = 6.6 \times 10^{-11}$ Nm²kg², $R = 6400$ Km. (5)



D (10) 1003 B

(Revision-2010)

N20-R01430

<https://gptcthirurangadi.in>

Reg.No.....

Signature.....

**DIPLOMA EXAMINATION IN ENGINEERING/TECHNOLOGY/ MANAGEMENT/
COMMERCIAL PRACTICE, NOVEMBER-2020**

APPLIED SCIENCE-I (CHEMISTRY)

[Maximum marks: 50]

(Time: 1 ½ Hours)

PART – A

[Maximum marks: 4]

(Answer all questions in one or two sentences. Each question carries 2 marks)

- I. (1). Define normality.
(2). What are nanomaterials? Give two examples. (2 x 2 = 4)

PART – B

[Maximum marks: 16]

(Answer any **two full** questions. Each question carries 8 marks)

- II. (a). Explain redox reaction with an example.
(b). Distinguish between atom and molecule.
- III. (a). Give any four applications of nanomaterials.
(b). What are the disadvantages of hard water?
- IV. (a). Calculate the molarity of H_2SO_4 which contains 9.8 g in 100 ml.
(Atomic weight H = 1, S = 32, O = 16)
- (b). What is the reason for temporary hardness of water? How it can be removed. (2 x 8 = 16)

PART – C

[Maximum marks: 30]

(Answer **one full** question from each unit. Each question carries 15 marks)

UNIT – I

- V. (a). Balance the following chemical equations. (4)
- (i). $Fe + H_2O \rightarrow Fe_2O_3 + H_2$ (ii). $H_2 + N_2 \rightarrow NH_3$
- (b). Calculate the molecular weight of the following compounds (4)
- (i). NH_4OH . (ii). $Ca(OH)_2$. (iii). $C_6H_{12}O_6$. (iv). Na_2CO_3
- (Atomic mass : H-1, C-12, O-16, N-14, Ca-40, Na-23)
- (c). Explain acidic and basic buffer with one example for each. (4)
- (d). Define ionic product of water. Give its mathematical expression. (3)



OR

- VI. (a). Explain Arrhenius concept of acids and bases with two examples for each. (4)
- (b). Write short notes on (i). Acid-base indicators (ii). Standard solution. (4)
- (c). Define pH. Calculate the pH of 0.1 molar NaOH solution. (4)
- (d). 20mL of KOH was neutralized by 25ml of 0.4N HNO₃. Calculate the normality of KOH solution. (3)

UNIT-II

- VII. (a). Draw a flow chart showing the production of potable water for municipal supply. (4)
- (b). Explain the removal of permanent hardness by ion-exchange method. (4)
- (c). List any four properties of carbon nanotubes. (4)
- (d). Explain any one method for the synthesis of carbon nanotubes. (3)

OR

- VIII. (a). Give the characteristics of potable water. (4)
- (b). Differentiate between soft water and hard water. (4)
- (c). What are carbon nanotubes? Give any two applications. (4)
- (d). What is sterilization? Mention any two sterilization methods. (3)
